Cornell Cooperative Extension Delaware County

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Handy Reference for Freezing Vegetables

2006

Approximate Amount of Fresh Vegetables Needed to Yield 1 Quart of Frozen Vegetables

Vegetables	Amount		
Asparagus	2 to 3 pounds		
Beans, snap, green or wax	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 pounds		
Beet, without tops	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 pounds		
Broccoli	2 to 3 pounds		
Brussels Sprouts	2 pounds		
Carrots, without tops	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 pounds		
Cauliflower	2 medium heads		
Corn, sweet, in husks	4 to 5 pounds		
Eggplant	2 average		
Peas, green, in pods	4 to 5 pounds		
Peppers	$1\frac{1}{3}$ pounds		
Spinach and other Greens	2 to 6 pounds		
Squash, summer	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ pounds		
Squash, winter & Pumpkin	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 pounds		
Tomatoes	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ pounds		

Directions for Boiling Water Blanching

Boiling water blanching is the preferred method. Use large amounts of water and small amounts of vegetables so that the water boils again quickly after the vegetable is added. For most vegetables, use 1 gallon (4 quarts) of water per pound of prepared vegetable. For leafy vegetables such as spinach, use 1 gallon water per $\frac{1}{2}$ pound vegetables.

See timetable for length of time to blanch. Use a large pot and wire basket or cheesecloth. Heat water to a vigorous boil. Place vegetables in basket or cloth and plunge into boiling water. Cover pot and start counting time when water returns to a boil. Keep the heat high for time given. As soon as blanching is completed, cool quickly by plunging basket of vegetables immediately into large quantity of very cold water, 60°F or below. Change water frequently or use cold running water or ice water. Drain, pack in freezer containers or materials and freeze quickly at 0°F or lower. The boiling water may be re-used. Directions for Steam Blanching

Place a few inches of water in a pot with a tight fitting lid. Bring water to a boil. Put the vegetables in a single layer in a basket that fits in the pot an inch above the water. Cover pot, keep heat high, and start counting time as soon as the lid is on. As soon as blanching is completed, cool quickly by plunging the basket of vegetables immediately into large quantity of very cold water, 60°F or below. Change water frequently or use cold running water or ice water. Drain, pack in freezer containers or materials and freeze quickly at 0°F or lower. Contact your Cornell Cooperative Extension office for steam blanching times.

Timetable Boiling Water			
	Blanching Time		
	(minutes) or		
	Alternative		
Vegetable	Treatment		
X	2 small, 3		
Asparagus	medium, 4 large		
Beans, snap, green or wax	3		
	Cook until tender,		
Beets	cool, slice or dice		
Broccoli (up to 1 ¹ / ₂ " across)	3		
· · · ·	3 small, 4		
Brussels Sprouts	medium, 5 large		
Carrots, small	5		
Cauliflower (1" across)	3		
	7 small, 9		
Corn, on the cob	medium, 11 large		
Corn, whole kernel or cream style			
(blanch before cutting corn from cob)	4		
Eggplant, ¹ / ₂ " thick slices	4		
Mushrooms, whole, sliced or diced	sauté, cool		
Peas, green	11/2		
Peas, snow peas, sugar snap	1 ¹ / ₂ small, 2 large		
Peppers, bell or sweet			
chopped	sauté, cool		
halves	3		
strips and rings	2		
Spinach and other Greens	2 (3 for Collards)		
Squash, summer, ¹ /2" slices	3		
grated for baking, steam blanched	1 to 2		
Squash, winter and Pumpkin	cook and mash		
	cool and freeze		
	raw, skinned and		
Tomatoes, juice or stewed	cored, freeze		
	whole or in pieces		
Tomato or Spaghetti Sauce	any recipe cooled		
Turnips, Parsnips or Rutabagas			
1/2" cubes	2		
cook and mash	cool and freeze		

Reference: So Easy To Preserve, 4th Edition, Cooperative Extension Service, University of Georgia, 1999. For additional information, contact your local Cornell Cooperative Extension Office. Revised by Judy Price, Katherine Humphrey, Christina Stark and Donna Scott, 2002. Original by Ruth Klippstein; revised by Mary Lou Tenney, 1987, Division of Nutritional Sciences, Cornell University.

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Handy Reference for Freezing Fruits

2006

Approximate Amount of Fresh Fruit Needed to Yield 1 Quart of Frozen Fruit

Fruit	Amount		
Apple	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 pounds		
Apricots	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ pounds		
Berries (except Strawberries)	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 pounds (1-2 quart boxes)		
Cherries, unpitted	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ pounds		
Cranberries	1 pound		
Grapes	4 pounds		
Peaches, Nectarines	2 to 3 pounds		
Pears	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ pounds		
Plums	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ pounds		
Raspberries	1 quart		
Rhubarb	2 pounds		
Strawberries	1 ¹ / ₂ quarts		

Ways to Pack Fruit

Syrup Pack – Whole fruits and those that tend to darken. Mix and dissolve sugar in water; add ascorbic acid if needed.

Sugar Syrup – Choose the type of syrup to suit the sweetness of the fruit and your taste. The sweet syrup helps the fruit hold its shape, color and flavor, however it does not prevent spoilage. The very light syrup approximates natural sugar levels in most fruits and adds the fewest calories.

Type of Syrup	Percent Sugar	Cups Sugar	Cups Water	Yield in Cups
Very Light	10%	1/2	4	41/2
Light	20%	1	4	43/4
Medium	30%	13⁄4	4	5
Heavy	40%	23/4	4	51/3
Very Heavy	50%	4	4	6

Other Sweeteners: Light corn syrups or mild-flavored honey may be used to replace up to half the table sugar called for in syrups. The amount of water is the same.

Sugar Pack – For juicy fruits and for those that do not darken. Mix 1 quart of fruit with $\frac{1}{4}$ to 1 cup of sugar (depending on personal taste).

Dry Pack – Pack towel-dried small or whole washed fruits in a container, seal, label, freeze.

Loose or Tray Pack – Spread fruits in a single layer on tray. When frozen (approximately 1/2 hour), package.

Non-sugar Sweeteners – Sugar substitutes may be used in any of the unsweetened packs. Both saccharin and aspartame work

well in frozen products or they may be added to fruit just before serving.

Type of Pack

L J	pe of I ack		
Fruit	Best Quality Pack	Other Recommended Packs	
Apple Slices			
for pie	sugar	dry, water, juice	
for uncooked desserts	40% syrup*	water, juice	
Applesauce	sugar	unsweetened	
Apricots	40% syrup*	sugar, syrup, water, juice	
Blackberries	40 or 50%	sugar, dry,	
Blackberries	syrup*	water, juice	
Blueberries	tray, dry	crushed with sugar	
Cherries			
sour	50% syrup	sugar, dry, water, juice	
sweet	40% syrup	dry, water, juice	
Cranberries	tray, dry	syrup	
Grapes, seeded		2	
whole	40% syrup		
juice	unsweetened	sugar	
puree	sugar	C	
for pie	sugar, lemon juice		
Peaches, Nectarines	40% syrup*	sugar, water, juice	
Pears, heated	40% syrup*	water, juice	
Plums	40 or 50% syrup*	water, juice	
Raspberries	tray, dry	sugar, syrup	
Strawberries			
whole	sugar	50% syrup, water, juice	
sliced	sugar	unsweetened	
crushed	sugar	unsweetened	

*Add ascorbic acid (vitamin C) to the syrup to prevent darkening: Crystalline -1/2 teaspoon per quart syrup, Tablets -1500 milligrams per quart syrup.

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